

english_gtdrag

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Chapter 1

english_gtdrag

1.1 gtdrag - Documentation

gtdrag - Version 3, Revision 5, 25.8.1999

This package is copyrighted 1996-99 by pinc Software,
Axel Dörfler

All rights reserved.

Copyright notice

Introduction

System requirements

Functions

BOOPSI Methods

Author

Credits

Release Notes

Known Bugs

To do

This is a final release of the package. This means that it implements most yet planned features and that the API will stay compatible with upcoming releases.

1.2 gtdrag - Copyright notice

The package is ©1996-99 by pinc Software,

Axel Dörfler

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All rights reserved.

You are allowed to copy it to BBS, Aminet and other free shareware-pools unless all files in this package are provided and unchanged.

The usage of gtdrag is at your own risk - I am not liable or responsible for any problems you might have concerning gtdrag.

If you want to include the gtdrag.library in a distribution of your program, feel free to ask
me
me for a permission.

1.3 gtdrag - The Author

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If you find a bug or have any suggestions what to implement in gtdrag or if you want to become a beta-tester of this library, please write me!

<http://www-lehre.informatik.uni-osnabrueck.de/~adoerfle/>

or (sooner or later):

<http://www.pinc-software.de/>

The gtdrag.library is compiled using the SAS/C-Compiler 6.59 on an A4000/040 with OS3.0 (V39).

1.4 gtdrag - Credits

Thanks to:

- Alexander Bartz (stimpleton@bigfoot.de) for bug report and support.
- Guido Mersmann for (many [the most of all existing persons]) bug reports and ideas/suggestions.

- Stephan Rupprecht for his work on the cybergraphics support and several bug reports.
- Daniel Rost (d96rost@ios.chalmers.se) for the creation of the E-modules and include files for gtdrag v2 and the translation of the example program (no longer included -- it is all obsolete).

1.5 gtdrag - Introduction

The gtdrag shared library provides the possibility of the drag&drop-feature for gadtools- and boopsi-applications. It is thought to close the gap between now and an upcoming version of AmigaOS with this features included. If this will ever be included in an AmigaOS.

It is definitely not the best you can imagine, but it works good and is easy to use.

You drag an entry of listview when you select it and move the mouse horizontal more than 10 pixels. On other gadget types except for custom gadgets (BOOPSI), you have to move >3 pixels to start dragging. Furthermore, you may press the special drag key (the alternate key) to begin a drag immediately.

The drag&drop feature is not limited to a single window or application, every gadget you add or which supports drag&drop, is included.

But of course, it is limited to one screen at the same time.

The gtdrag library extends the Gadget Toolkit but also includes all boopsi gadgets in a smart and compatible way. Custom gadgets which support drag&drop are recognised automatically.

Furthermore, it provides a set of rendering callback hooks for listviews which are very powerful (e.g. a tree-view).

1.6 gtdrag - System requirements

gtdrag should work on any Amiga with OS 3.0+ (V39 and above). It is not possible to use it under OS 2.04.

But you can also build an application which runs under 2.04 and an installed gtdrag.library - in this case gtdrag works as a gate to gadtools without the dragging capabilities.

This is also the case if you start an application which do not support the new version 3 of this library.

1.7 gtdrag - Function Overview

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```

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gtdrag.library/OpenTreeNode
gtdrag.library/ToggleTree
gtdrag.library/ToggleTreeNode

```

1.8 gtdrag.library/GTD_AddAppA

NAME

```

GTD_AddAppA -- inits all app. dragging context data
GTD_AddApp  -- Varargs stub for GTD_GetAppA()

```

SYNOPSIS

```

result = GTD_AddAppA(name,taglist)
d0          a0  a1

int GTD_AddAppA(STRPTR,struct TagItem *);

result = GTD_AddApp(name,firsttag,...)

int GTD_AddApp(STRPTR,Tag,...);

```

FUNCTION

This function allocates and sets all needed data. You must call it before any other action with this library. Otherwise your calls are ignored. Every name must be unique - this enables the possibility to support one or more special applications.

TAGS

GTDA_InternalOnly (BOOL) - if you don't want to react on dropped objects of other applications, you should set this flag to TRUE. Defaults to FALSE. This does not affect the possibility of drag one of your objects to another application.

GTDA_NewStyle (BOOL) - you must set this tag if you want gtdrag to work. (V3)

RESULT

result - TRUE for success.

SEE ALSO

```

GTD_RemoveApp()

```

,

```
GTD_GetIMsg()
```

1.9 gtdrag.library/GTD_AddGadgetA

NAME

```
GTD_AddGadgetA -- adds a drag&drop gadget to the internal list
GTD_AddGadget  -- Varargs stub for GTD_AddGadgetA()
```

SYNOPSIS

```
GTD_AddGadgetA(type,gad,win,taglist)
                d0  a0  a1  a2
```

```
void GTD_AddGadgetA(int,struct Gadget *,struct Window *,struct TagItem *);
```

```
GTD_AddGadget (type,gad,win,firsttag,...)
```

```
void GTD_AddGadget(int,struct Gadget *,struct Window *,Tag,...);
```

FUNCTION

This function adds the chosen gadget to the internal list. You must call this function, if you want a gadget to have the drag&drop-feature.

A specially supported type is the LISTVIEW_KIND. The TREEVIEW_KIND and the IMAGEVIEW_KIND are similar but support special features of the corresponding render hook.

You may also add boopsi gadgets to your gadget list. Doing so will ensure that gtdrag knows that such a gadget is attached to your application. This is not necessary, if the custom gadget is in the same window as a registered (to gtdrag) gadget or if the window is registered itself.

If that is not the case, the gadget's application would be "intuition" - which is not always the desired effect.

You should not set any tags for custom gadgets. They should handle these for themselves. You should read the appropriate boopsi gadget documentation for possibly allowed tags. GTDA_InternalOnly may be such a candidad.

TAGS

see

```
GTD_SetAttrsA()
INPUTS
```

```
type - type of the gadget (e.g. LISTVIEW_KIND)
gad  - pointer to the gadget (from CreateGadget()).
win  - pointer to the window of the gadget
```

NOTES

If the gadget type is not (LIST|TREE|IMAGE)VIEW_KIND, GTDA_Object and GTDA_Images or GTDA_RenderHook must be set, or DGF_NODRAG will be set.

Furthermore, you have to set the GA_Immediate-attribute to TRUE if want to have a draggable gadget.

The function should only be used with GTDA_NoDrag when using other gadget types than LISTVIEW_KIND or BUTTON_KIND. Otherwise it could make problems (check it out).

You MUST set the GadgetID field of your gadgets!

SEE ALSO

```
GTD_RemoveGadget()
,
GTD_RemoveApp()
,
GTD_SetAttrsA()
```

1.10 gtdrag.library/GTD_AddWindowA

NAME

```
GTD_AddWindowA -- adds drag&drop notify to a window
GTD_AddWindow  -- Varargs stub for GTD_AddWindowA()
```

SYNOPSIS

```
GTD_AddWindowA(win,taglist)
                a0 a1
```

```
void GTD_AddWindowA(struct Window *,struct TagItem *);
```

```
GTD_AddWindow(win,firsttag,...)
```

```
void GTD_AddWindow(struct Window *,Tag,...);
```

FUNCTION

This function adds the chosen window to the internal list. You must call this function, if you want to receive drag&drop messages from a window.

If a custom gadget is in this window, the custom gadget's application will set to the one of the window.

TAGS

```
GTDA_AcceptTypes (ULONG) - if the drag is an application-internal drag
and the type value of the dropped object and (bit-wise) this value
are TRUE, the drag will be accepted.
Defaults to 0xffffffff (all internal types).
```

INPUTS

```
win - pointer to the window
```

NOTE

You only receive a DMT_WINDOW message from GTD_GetDragMsg() if the object wasn't dropped over a gadget which supports drag&drop.

SEE ALSO

```
GTD_RemoveWindow()
,
GTD_RemoveApp()
```

1.11 gtdrag.library/GTD_BeginDrag

NAME

GTD_BeginDrag -- starts the drag of an object

SYNOPSIS

```
success = GTD_BeginDrag(gad,gpi)
d0          a0  a1
```

```
BOOL GTD_BeginDrag(struct Gadget *,struct gpInput *);
```

FUNCTION

This function starts the drag after the
 GTD_PrepareDrag()
 call and the succeeding object specification via
 GTD_SetAttrsA()
 .

If you call this functions, you also have to call GTD_StopDrag
 in the GM_GOINACTIVE method to break the drag cleanly.

INPUTS

gad - pointer to the custom gadget
 gpi - the gpInput method structure

RESULT

returns TRUE if the drag could be started, or FALSE if not.

SEE ALSO

```
GTD_PrepareDrag()
,
GTD_HandleInput()
,
GTD_SetAttrsA()
,
GTD_StopDrag
```

1.12 gtdrag.library/GTD_FilterIMsg

NAME

GTD_FilterIMsg -- filter an IntuiMessage through gtdrag & gadtools.

SYNOPSIS

```
modmsg = GTD_FilterIMsg(msg)
d0          a0
```

```
struct IntuiMessage *GTD_FilterIMsg(imsg);
```

FUNCTION

see gadtools/GT_FilterIMsg().

INPUT

imsg - an IntuiMessage you got from GetMsg().

RESULT

modmsg - pointer to the modified IntuiMessage

SEE ALSO

GTD_PostFilterIMsg()

1.13 gtdrag.library/GTD_GetIMsg

NAME

GTD_GetIMsg -- get an IntuiMessage, with all necessary processing

SYNOPSIS

```
msg = GTD_GetIMsg(port)
d0          a0
```

```
struct IntuiMessage *GTD_GetIMsg(iport);
```

FUNCTION

Gets an IntuiMessage and does all the drag processing including a call to the equivalent gadtools functions.

INPUT

port - a pointer to the msg port

RESULT

msg - pointer to the IntuiMessage

SEE ALSO

GTD_ReplyIMsg()

1.14 gtdrag.library/GTD_HandleInput

NAME

GTD_HandleInput -- handle the input events during the drag

SYNOPSIS

```
retval = GTD_HandleInput(gad, gpi)
d0          a0 a1
```

```
ULONG GTD_HandleInput(struct Gadget *,struct gpInput *);
```

FUNCTION

This function is called at the beginning of a GM_HANDLEINPUT method. You must call this function if you want gtdrag to work correctly during a drag.
During normal input processing, it returns GMR_HANDLEYOURSELF which means that you can handle the method as if gtdrag does not exist.

INPUTS

gad - pointer to the custom gadget
gpi - the gpInput method structure

RESULT

The result value can be one of the normal return codes for a GM_HANDLEINPUT method plus GMR_HANDLEYOURSELF if you need to handle the input on yourself.
During the drag it returns GMR_MEACTIVE and a GMR_NOREUSE afterwards. You may catch these, if you need a special behaviour for your gadget, e.g. that it should be active even after a drag.

SEE ALSO

```
GTD_PrepareDrag()  
,  
GTD_BeginDrag()
```

1.15 gtdrag.library/GTD_PostFilterIMsg

NAME

GTD_PostFilterIMsg -- return filtered IntuiMessage from GTD_FilterIMsg().

SYNOPSIS

```
msg = GTD_PostFilterIMsg(modimsg)  
d0          a0
```

```
struct IntuiMessage *GTD_FilterIMsg(imsg);
```

FUNCTION

see gadtools/GT_FilterIMsg().

INPUT

modimsg - an IntuiMessage you got from GTD_FilterIMsg().

RESULT

msg - pointer to the unmodified IntuiMessage

SEE ALSO

```
GTD_FilterIMsg()
```

1.16 gtdrag.library/GTD_PrepareDrag

NAME

GTD_PrepareDrag -- prepares the drag of an object

SYNOPSIS

```
success = GTD_PrepareDrag(gad,gpi)
d0          a0  a1
```

```
BOOL GTD_PrepareDrag(struct Gadget *,struct gpInput *);
```

FUNCTION

You call this function within the GM_HANDLEINPUT method. gtdrag will prepare it's internal data structures for the beginning of a drag.

Furthermore, it tests, if there are any reasons for not starting the drag - this should only occur in very rare cases, e.g. if the left mouse button is not pressed.

You may also check for qualifiers, if you need an extra key to be pressed to allow a drag, you should use ALT or, if you use version 3.3 or newer the IEQUALIFIER_DRAGKEY in this case.

Between this call and

```
GTD_BeginDrag()
```

```
, you have to specify
```

the object you want to be dragged and the attributes of your gadget via

```
GTD_SetAttrsA()
```

.

INPUTS

gad - pointer to the custom gadget

gpi - the gpInput method structure

RESULT

returns TRUE if the drag could be started now, or FALSE if not.

SEE ALSO

```
GTD_BeginDrag()
```

```
,
```

```
GTD_HandleInput()
```

```
,
```

```
GTD_SetAttrsA()
```

1.17 gtdrag.library/GTD_RemoveApp

NAME
GTD_RemoveApp -- frees the dragging context data

SYNOPSIS
GTD_RemoveApp()

```
void GTD_RemoveApp(void);
```

FUNCTION
Frees all the memory allocated by GTD_AddApp(), GTD_AddGadget() and GTD_AddWindow() for an application.
You should not call it without the GTD_AddApp() call before.

SEE ALSO

```
GTD_AddAppA()  
,  
GTD_AddGadgetA()  
,  
GTD_AddWindowA()
```

1.18 gtdrag.library/GTD_RemoveGadget

NAME
GTD_RemoveGadget -- removes a drag&drop gadget

SYNOPSIS
GTD_RemoveGadget(gad)
a0

```
void GTD_RemoveGadget(struct Gadget *);
```

FUNCTION
This function removes the drag&drop feature from a gadget which was added to it with GTD_AddGadget().

INPUTS
gad - pointer to the gadget (e.g. from CreateGadget()).

SEE ALSO

```
GTD_AddGadgetA()  
,  
GTD_RemoveApp()  
,  
GTD_RemoveGadgets()
```

1.19 gtdrag.library/GTD_RemoveGadgets

NAME
GTD_RemoveGadgets -- removes all drag&drop gadgets from a window (V3)

SYNOPSIS
GTD_RemoveGadgets(win)
a0

```
void GTD_RemoveGadgets(struct Window *);
```

FUNCTION
This function removes the drag&drop feature from all gadgets of the specified window.

INPUTS
win - pointer to the window

SEE ALSO

```
GTD_AddGadgetA()  
,  
GTD_RemoveApp()  
,  
GTD_RemoveGadget()
```

1.20 gtdrag.library/GTD_RemoveWindow

NAME
GTD_RemoveWindow -- removes drag&drop notify from a window

SYNOPSIS
GTD_RemoveWindow(win)
a0

```
void GTD_RemoveWindow(struct Window *);
```

FUNCTION
Removes drag&drop notify from a window which was added with GTD_AddWindow() before.

INPUTS
win - pointer to the window

SEE ALSO

```
GTD_AddWindowA()  
,  
GTD_RemoveApp()
```

1.21 gtdrag.library/GTD_ReplyIMsg

NAME

GTD_ReplyIMsg -- replies an IntuiMessage

SYNOPSIS

```
GTD_ReplyIMsg(msg)
           a0

void GTD_ReplyIMsg(struct IntuiMessage *);
```

FUNCTION

Replies the msg got from GTD_GetIMsg(). It works like GT_ReplyIMsg() - but you must call GTD_GetIMsg() before!

INPUT

msg - a pointer to the msg to be replied, may be NULL.

SEE ALSO

GTD_GetIMsg()

1.22 gtdrag.library/GTD_SetAttrsA

NAME

GTD_SetAttrsA -- set gadget/window attributes (V3)
 GTD_SetAttrs -- Varargs stub for GTD_SetAttrsA() (V3)

SYNOPSIS

```
GTD_SetAttrsA(obj,ti)
           a0 a1

void GTD_SetAttrsA(APTR obj,struct TagItem *ti);

GTD_SetAttrs(obj,tag1,...);

void GTD_SetAttrs(APTR obj,ULONG tag1,...);
```

FUNCTION

Set the attributes of registered gadgets and windows.

For BOOPSI-class implementors: use this function between the GTD_Prepare/BeginDrag() calls to set all attributes needed for the drag operation.

TAGS

GTDA_Images (BOOL) - if specified, only the image of an ImageNode will be dragged. The GTDA_RenderHook must not be set. Defaults to FALSE.

GTDA_NoDrag (BOOL) - if specified, you cannot drag an item of this gadget; you are only able to drop them over it. Defaults to FALSE.

GTDA_Same (BOOL) - for listviews and custom gadgets. If specified,

- source and target of a drag can be the same. Defaults to FALSE.
- GTDA_NoPosition (BOOL) - for listviews only. If specified, there is no position highlighting or scrolling. Defaults to FALSE.
- GTDA_NoScrolling (BOOL) - for listviews only. If specified, gtdrag will not scroll in the listview if you drag over the upper or lower border of the listview. Defaults to FALSE;
- GTDA_DropOverItems (BOOL) - for listviews only. If specified, the objects are not dropped between the existing items, they are dropped upon them.
The flag DMF_DROPOVER will be set in the DropMessage's dm_Flags field. Defaults to FALSE.
- GTDA_DropBetweenItems (BOOL) - for listviews only. Works only in conjunction with the GTDA_DropOverItems tag.
If specified, both methods of object dropping are possible. Defaults to FALSE.
- GTDA_TreeView (BOOL) - for listviews only. This enables the special tree view behaviour (drag&drop between items and over container).
The flag DMF_DROPOVER will be set in the DropMessage's dm_Flags field, if an item was dropped over an item. Defaults to FALSE.
- GTDA_ItemHeight (short) - specifies the height of a listview entry. Defaults to the screen's font height.
- GTDA_RenderHook (struct Hook *) - if provided, the dragged object will be drawn with this listview-callback hook. Otherwise (assuming that there is no image to be drawn) there is only a ClipBlit() proceeded, which will probably not work in combination with simple refresh windows. You can set a special size with GTDA_Width & GTDA_Height. Defaults to NULL.
- GTDA_Image (struct Image *) - if provided, the image will be used when the object is dragged.
- GTDA_Object (APTR) - for non-listview gadgets: the object to be dragged. If a render hook is provided, the object must be of a type accepted by the render hook.
If no render hook is provided and no image is set, a (struct Image *) or ODT_IMAGE is assumed for the objects type.
- GTDA_GroupID (ULONG) - the group ID of the object. This conforms to the datatypes group IDs such as GID_TEXT or GID_PICTURE.
See datatypes/datatypes.h for other IDs. Defaults to NULL.
- GTDA_Type (ULONG) - the rough format of the object. You should specify a type your object fits in, if you want to support drag&drop to other applications. See libraries/gtdrag.h for the possible values. Defaults to ODT_UNKNOWN (or ODT_IMAGE, if no render hook or image is specified for the object).
- GTDA_InternalType (ULONG) - this should be a bit mask which will be tested on internal drag&drops (with GTDA_AcceptTypes). Defaults to 0xffffffff.
-

GTDA_ObjectDescription (struct ObjectDescription *) - the contents of the structure are copied to the internal buffer. If you specify a NULL pointer, all contents of the internal ObjectDescription are set to NULL.

GTDA_ObjectFunc (APTR) - this function will be called whenever a drag begins. You can set object related attributes in this function.

The function called must conform to this prototype:

```
void func(struct Window *,struct Gadget *,struct ObjectDescription *, ←
          LONG);
          a0             a1             a2             d0
```

The argument passed in d0 corresponds to the dm_SourceEntry field of a DropMessage. The only tags you are allowed to use are:

```
GTDA_Object, GTDA_GroupID, GTDA_Type, GTDA_InternalType,
GTDA_ObjectDescription, GTDA_SourceEntry.
```

All other tags may produce unpredictable results.

If you set GTDA_Object to NULL, you prevent the object from being dragged.

GTDA_AcceptTypes (ULONG) - if the drag is an application-internal drag and the type value of the dropped object and (bit-wise) this value are TRUE, the drag will be accepted. Defaults to 0xffffffff (all internal types).

GTDA_AcceptFunc (APTR) - this function will be called, whenever the GTDA_AcceptTypes can not decide if the object should be accepted or not.

The function called must conform to this prototype:

```
BOOL func(struct Window *,struct Gadget *,struct ObjectDescription *);
          a0             a1             a2
```

It returns TRUE, if it accepts the object or FALSE if not.

If this tag is set to a window, the Gadget pointer (a1) is NULL.

Defaults to NULL.

GTDA_Width, GTDA_Height (short) - set the size of the image to be dragged.

GTDA_SourceEntry (LONG) - for non-listviews only. This flag directly influences the dm_SourceEntry field of a DropMessage structure if your gadget is the source gadget. Defaults to NULL.

GTDA_InternalOnly (BOOL) - gadget will not accept any application external dragged objects. Custom gadget implementors should not use this flag since it's not sure, to which application they belong. Defaults to FALSE. (V3.2)

INPUT

obj - a pointer to a registered gadget or window, may be NULL.

SEE ALSO

```
GTD_AddGadgetA()
,
GTD_GetAttr()
```

1.23 gtdrag.library/GTD_GetAttr

NAME

GTD_GetAttr -- get gadget/window attribute (V3)

SYNOPSIS

```
result = GTD_GetAttr(obj,tag,storage);
d0          a0 d0 a1
```

```
BOOL GTD_GetAttr(APTR obj,ULONG tag,ULONG *storage);
```

FUNCTION

Gets an attribute of a registered gadget/window.

TAGS

GTDA_Image (struct Image *) - returns the image which would be used for a drag.

GTDA_RenderHook (APTR) - returns a pointer to the current render hook used to display the object.

GTDA_Width (WORD) - returns the current width of the object which would be dragged. May be 0.

GTDA_Height (WORD) - returns the current height of the object which would be dragged. May be 0.

GTDA_Object (APTR) - the object of the gadget's ObjectDescription.

GTDA_GroupID (ULONG) - the group ID of the object.

GTDA_Type (ULONG) - the rough format of the object.

GTDA_InternalType (ULONG) - the type of the object used for internal drag&drop.

GTDA_ObjectDescription (struct ObjectDescription *) - the whole ObjectDescription structure from the gadget. This structure is read only.

INPUT

obj - a pointer to a registered gadget or window. It is safe to pass a NULL pointer.

RESULT

result - TRUE if the tag data could be stored, or FALSE for failure.

SEE ALSO

```
GTD_AddGadgetA()  
,  
GTD_SetAttrsA()
```

1.24 gtdrag.library/GTD_GetHook

NAME

GTD_GetHook -- gets one of the provided callback hooks (V3)

SYNOPSIS

```
hook = GTD_GetHook(type);  
d0  
d0  
  
void GTD_GetHook(ULONG type);
```

FUNCTION

Lets an application access useful callback hooks for listview rendering and IFF-streaming. Currently, the following are provided:

GTDH_IMAGE - renders a listview which contains ImageNodes.

GTDH_TREE - renders a listview which contains TreeNodes. It can be used very simple in conjunction with the tree support functions. hook->h_Data must be the pen which will be used to render the line structure.

GTDH_IFFSTREAM - simplifies reading and writing data from and to iff streams. hook->h_Data must point to a IFFStreamHookData structure. If the buffer is used to write to, the buffer is created automatically and resized if necessary. If is_Pool is set, it uses pool functions for the buffer. The buffer is not freed upon exit.

See libraries/gtdrag.h for more details.

INPUT

type - one of the GTDH_xxx constants.

RESULT

hook - a pointer to the struct Hook.

SEE ALSO

GTD_SetAttrs(), libraries/gtdrag.h

1.25 gtdrag.library/GTD_GetString

NAME

GTD_GetString -- gets a string out of a struct ObjectDescription (V3)

SYNOPSIS

```
string = GTD_GetString(od,buffer,len);
d0          a0 a1      d0
```

```
STRPTR GTD_GetString(struct ObjectDescription *od,STRPTR buffer,ULONG len) ←
;
```

FUNCTION

This function provides a simple method to get a string out of an struct ObjectDescription which is part of a struct DropMessage.

It uses the od_Type field to scan the object for a descriptive string. If no string could be read, it returns NULL. Otherwise the string buffer will be returned.

INPUT

```
od      - pointer to a struct ObjectDescription
buffer - string buffer large enough to hold the result
len     - length of the string buffer
```

RESULT

```
string - the string buffer or NULL for failure
```

1.26 gtdrag.library/GTD_StopDrag

NAME

```
GTD_StopDrag -- stops/interrupts the drag of an object
```

SYNOPSIS

```
GTD_StopDrag(gad)
          a0
```

```
void GTD_StopDrag(struct Gadget *);
```

FUNCTION

If you start a drag on you own via GTD_BeginDrag()/GTD_HandleInput() you have to call this function in the GM_GOINACTIVE method.

You can break a drag cleanly with this function if necessary or if intuition interrupts the activity of your gadget without asking.

It is safe to call this function even if you have not started a drag, so you don't have to check for this.

INPUTS

```
gad - pointer to the custom gadget
gpi - the gpInput method structure
```

SEE ALSO

```
GTD_BeginDrag()
,
GTD_HandleInput()
,
GTD_SetAttrsA()
```

1.27 gtdrag.library/AddTreeNode

NAME

AddTreeNode -- adds a TreeNode to a list

SYNOPSIS

```
treenode = AddTreeNode(pool,tree,name,im,flags)
                a0   a1   a2   a3 d0
```

```
struct TreeNode *AddTreeNode(APTR,struct MinList *,STRPTR,struct Image *, ←
    UWORD);
```

FUNCTION

This function simplifies adding a new TreeNode to a tree list. You could also do this without the use of this function; there is no magic to add an item to a list. If TNF_SORT is set in the flags field, the TreeNode will be inserted in the list, sorted by name.

The name and the image pointer must be valid while the the tree is displayed; they are simply referenced not copied.

After the tree list is completed, you have to call InitTreeList() to create a view list out of it.
FreeTreeNodes()

INPUTS

```
pool - a pointer to the memory pool
tree - the tree list (e.g. tl_Tree of a TreeList)
name - the name of the TreeNode; this should always be defined,
      although it is not checked here
image - a pointer to an image, maybe NULL
flags - one of the TNF_xxx flags
```

RETURN

treenode - the TreeNode or NULL for failure

SEE ALSO

InitTreeList()

1.28 gtdrag.library/CloseTreeNode

NAME

CloseTreeNode -- closes an open TreeNode

SYNOPSIS

```
CloseTreeNode(main,tn)
                a0   a1
```



```
CloseTreeNode(struct MinList *,struct TreeNode *);
```

FUNCTION

This function automatically removes all contents of a TreeNode and its sub-trees recursively.

It does not affect the TNF_OPEN flag of a TreeNode!
ToggleTreeNode()

INPUTS

main - the view list
tn - the TreeNode to be closed

SEE ALSO

OpenTreeNode()

1.29 gtdrag.library/FindListSpecial

NAME

FindListSpecial -- searches a list for the special pointer

SYNOPSIS

```
treenode = FindListSpecial(list,special)
                a0    a1
```

```
struct TreeNode *FindListSpecial(struct MinList *,APTR);
```

FUNCTION

This function is similar to FindTreeSpecial() but it does no recursive search. It simply scans the provided list for a TreeNode with this special pointer.

INPUTS

list - the list to be scanned
special - the special pointer

RETURN

treenode - the TreeNode found, or NULL, if there aren't any

SEE ALSO

FindTreeSpecial()

1.30 gtdrag.library/FindTreePath

NAME

FindTreePath -- finds a TreeNode with a path

SYNOPSIS

```
treenode = FindTreePath(tree,path)
                a0    a1
```

```
struct TreeNode *FindTreePath(struct MinList *,STRPTR);
```

FUNCTION

If you have the whole path of a `TreeNode`, this function finds the pointer to the `TreeNode` for you.

INPUTS

`tree` - the tree list
`path` - a path to the `TreeNode`, may be `NULL`

RETURN

`treenode` - the `TreeNode`, if found any, or `NULL`

1.31 gtdrag.library/FindTreeSpecial

NAME

`FindTreeSpecial` -- searches a tree for a special pointer

SYNOPSIS

```
treenode = FindTreeSpecial(tree,special)
                a0    a1
```

```
struct TreeNode *FindTreeSpecial(struct MinList *,APTR);
```

FUNCTION

A `TreeNode` contains a special pointer like the `UserData` of a gadget or whatever.

This function searches for the `TreeNode` with this special pointer, even `NULL` is accepted.

INPUTS

`tree` - the tree list
`special` - the special pointer

RETURN

`treenode` - the `TreeNode` found, or `NULL`, if there aren't any

SEE ALSO

`FindListSpecial()`

1.32 gtdrag.library/FreeTreeList

NAME

`FreeTreeList` -- frees the `TreeList` contents

SYNOPSIS

```
FreeTreeList(pool,tl)
             a0  a1
```

```
FreeTreeList(APTR,struct TreeList *);
```

FUNCTION

This function makes use of the FreeTreeNodes() function but in addition to this, it resets the view list.

INPUTS

the - pointer to the memory pool
the - TreeList with view and tree list

SEE ALSO

FreeTreeNodes()

1.33 gtdrag.library/FreeTreeNodes

NAME

FreeTreeNodes -- frees the tree nodes

SYNOPSIS

```
FreeTreeNodes(pool,list)
             a0  a1
```

```
FreeTreeNodes(APTR,struct MinList *);
```

FUNCTION

This function deletes the whole tree and its sub-trees recursively. Corresponding to AddTreeNode(), the name and the image are not freed.

INPUTS

pool - the pointer to the memory pool the tree was allocated in
list - the tree list

SEE ALSO

AddTreeNode()

1.34 gtdrag.library/GetTreeContainer

NAME

GetTreeContainer -- gets the container of a TreeNode

SYNOPSIS

```
container = GetTreeContainer(tn)
             a0
```

```
struct TreeNode *GetTreeContainer(struct TreeNode *);
```

FUNCTION

This function searches for the container of a `TreeNode`; if the `TreeNode` is a root node, it returns `NULL`.

INPUTS

`tn` - the `TreeNode`, may be `NULL`

RETURN

`container` - the container `TreeNode` or `NULL`

1.35 gtdrag.library/GetTreePath

NAME

`GetTreePath` -- finds the path of a `TreeNode`

SYNOPSIS

```
path = GetTreePath(tn,buffer,len)
                a0 a1      d0
```

```
STRPTR GetTreePath(struct TreeNode *,STRPTR, LONG);
```

FUNCTION

You can use this function to copy the `TreeNode`'s path (without its name) to the provided buffer.

INPUTS

`tn` - the `TreeNode`
`buffer` - a buffer large enough to hold the path
`len` - the length of the buffer

RETURN

`path` - returns the buffer or `NULL` for failure

1.36 gtdrag.library/InitTreeList

NAME

`InitTreeList` -- inits a tree list contents for viewing

SYNOPSIS

```
InitTreeList(tl)
                a0
```

```
InitTreeList(struct TreeList *);
```

FUNCTION

After the whole tree is built, this function inits the view list; the `treeview` callback hook can now display the tree.

This is not a trivial thing to do, the usage of this function is recommended.

INPUTS
 tl - a pointer to the TreeList

1.37 gtdrag.library/OpenTreeNode

NAME
 OpenTreeNode -- opens a closed TreeNode

SYNOPSIS
 count = OpenTreeNode(main,tn)
 a0 a1

LONG OpenTreeNode(struct MinList *,struct TreeNode *);

FUNCTION
 This function adds all contents of the TreeNode and its open sub-trees to the view list.

It does not affect the TNF_OPEN flag of the TreeNode!
 ToggleTreeNode()

INPUTS
 main - the view list
 tn - the TreeNode to be opened

RETURN
 count - the number of TreeNodes added to the view list

SEE ALSO
 CloseTreeNode()

1.38 gtdrag.library/ToggleTree

NAME
 ToggleTree -- simplifies the usage of ToggleTreeNode()

SYNOPSIS
 toggled = ToggleTree(gad,tn,msg)
 a0 a1 a2

BOOL ToggleTree(struct Gadget *,struct TreeNode *,struct IntuiMessage *);

FUNCTION
 You can use this function instead of ToggleTreeNode() if the user clicks on a TreeNode in your listview gadget. It automatically updates the gadget and takes care of changements to the position of the list due to additional nodes. The gadget must be registered via GTD_AddGadget() if it should do anything.

```
GTD_ToggleTreeNode()
```

INPUTS

```
gad - a pointer to a registered gadget
tn  - the TreeNode the user clicked on
msg - a pointer to the IntuiMessage which reports the click
```

RETURN

```
toggled - returns TRUE if it really toggled the TreeNode
```

BUGS

```
In release 3.1 this function did perfectly nothing [if everything
worked fine with GT_GetGadgetAttrs()].
```

SEE ALSO

```
GTD_AddGadget()
```

1.39 gtdrag.library/ToggleTreeNode

NAME

```
ToggleTreeNode -- toggles a TreeNode between closes/open
```

SYNOPSIS

```
count = ToggleTreeNode(main,tn)
                a0    a1
```

```
LONG ToggleTreeNode(struct MinList *,struct TreeNode *);
```

FUNCTION

```
This function adds all contents of a closed TreeNode and its
open sub-trees to the view list, or it removes the open TreeNode
and its open sub-trees from the view list.
It also takes care of the TNF_OPEN flag of the TreeNode.
OpenTreeNode()
```

INPUTS

```
main - the view list
tn   - the TreeNode to be opened
```

RETURN

```
count - the number of TreeNodes added to the view list
```

SEE ALSO

```
CloseTreeNode()
```

1.40 gtdrag - BOOPSI Methods

With version 3 gtdrag introduces a set of new methods which will be sent to gadgets which are potential targets of an object drop:

GM_OBJECTDRAG

GM_RENDERDRAG

GM_OBJECTDROP

1.41 gtdrag - method description: GM_OBJECTDRAG

GM_OBJECTDRAG - this method is invoked whenever an object is dragged over your gadget and it is not dropped yet (during the drag).

```
struct gpObjectDrag
{
    ULONG MethodID;
    struct ObjectDescription *gpod_Object;
    struct Gadget *gpod_Source; /* pointer to the source gadget */
    struct
    {
        WORD X,Y; /* mouse coordinates */
    } gpod_Mouse;
};
```

You can analyse the provided Object Description, the source gadget and the mouse coordinates, which are relative to the upper left corner of your gadget, to accept (GMR_ACCEPTOBJECT) or reject (GMR_REJECTOBJECT) the object.

If you want to update the gadget imagery you can return an or'ed GMR_UPDATE - at the first invocation of GM_OBJECTDRAG, GM_RENDERDRAG is invoked automatically if you return GMR_ACCEPTOBJECT.

If you do not want to get this message more than one time, e.g. when you don't want to be notified on mouse moves over your gadget, you can return an or'ed GMR_FINAL. This causes gtdrag to store you return code for the whole drag of this special object.

NOTE: The standard application for a custom gadget is "intuition". An application have the possibility to change this via GTDA_AddGadgetA() or GTDA_AddWindowA(). You should take this into account.

1.42 gtdrag - method description: GM_RENDERDRAG

GM_RENDERDRAG - this method is invoked whenever your gadget should reflect a dragged object over it with special highlighting.

```
struct gpRenderDrag
{
```

```

    ULONG MethodID;
    struct GadgetInfo *gprd_GInfo;    /* gadget context */
    struct RastPort *gprd_RPort;     /* already for use */
    ULONG gprd_Mode;                 /* one of the GRENDER_xxx */
    struct
    {
        WORD X,Y;                    /* mouse coordinates */
    } gprd_Mouse;
};

```

This structure is similar to `gpRender` but it introduces new modes (like `gpr_Redraw`) and the mouse coordinates relative to the upper left corner of the gadget.

The highlighting process consists of three different modes:

```

GRENDER_HIGHLIGHT - initial and progressive highlighting
GRENDER_INTERIM   - rendering necessary between two GRENDER_HIGHLIGHT
GRENDER_DELETE    - erases the highlighting

```

You have the possibility to let `gtdrag` render all of these modes; return `TRUE` signals `gtdrag` that you process the rendering on your own, return `FALSE` if you want `gtdrag` to process the standard highlighting and refresh rendering.

So you may render only `GRENDER_HIGHLIGHT` yourself and let the restauration of the gadget imagery one of `gtdrag`s topics.

1.43 gtdrag - method description: GM_OBJECTDROP

`GM_OBJECTDROP` - this method is invoked if an object is dropped over your gadget.

```

struct gpObjectDrop
{
    ULONG MethodID;
    struct DropMessage *gpod_Message;
    ULONG gpod_Qualifier;
};

```

If you want the application which created your gadget to handle this message, you have write access to the `dm_TargetEntry` and the `dm_Flags` fields - all other fields are READ-ONLY! In this case you would return `FALSE`.

If you want to catch and "absorb" the message yourself, you return `TRUE` - the application won't be notified and you can process all needed changes.

Due to internal library design, this method is invoked before the last

```

    GM_RENDERDRAG
    (with GRENDER_DELETE), so be careful
with changements to the gadget imagery - you have to prevent

```


gtdrag from delete the highlighting itself.

You can use the `gpod_Qualifier` to enable special behaviour if e.g. the shift key is pressed while the object was dropped over your gadget.

The use of the shift key is recommended if you need any extra functions - try to avoid having more than 2 special keys, because this will confuse the user.

NOTE: The standard application for a custom gadget is "intuition".

An application have the possibility to change this via `GTDA_AddGadgetA()` or `GTDA_AddWindowA()`.

You should take this into account.

1.44 gtdrag - Release Notes

gtdrag 1.1 (29.9.96)

- first release.

gtdrag 1.4 (3.10.96)

- big changes in structure and tag definitions! (1.2)
- other gadget types than `LISTVIEW_KIND` will be handled correctly (like `BUTTON_KIND`). (1.2)
- added
 - `GTD_RemoveGadget()`
 - and
 - `GTD_RemoveWindow()`
 - for multi-window support. (1.2)
- checks now for the number of entries in a source-listview. (1.3)
- the range of a mouse move until a drag happens can now be changed via `GTDA_(LV)DragPixel`. (1.3)
- the dragged icon now hides if you are near the source gadget to prevent graphical damage. (1.4)

gtdrag 1.8 (5.11.96)

- created a shared library, the linker `lib` is not provided anymore but I can create one on request. This creation is part of big changes in the whole application interface. E. g. the `GTD_Init()/Free()` function-pair doesn't exist any longer. (1.5)
- implemented `GTD_(Post)FilterIMsg()`-functions. (1.6)
- checks now the number of entries in the target-listview. (1.6)
- makes the dragged object transparent if it is over a gadget which accepts drag&drop. (1.6)

- now centers the dragged object if it is an image. (1.7)
- fixed problems with more than one window open at a time. (1.8)
- fixed the GTD_(Post)FilterIMsg()-functions; they replied the same IntuiMessage two times. (1.8)

gtdrag 2.1 (7.11.96)

- implemented accept and type masks. (1.9)
- implemented GTDA_InternalOnly and GTDA_Same. (1.9)
- changed the handling of the DragMsgs internally. (1.10)
- bumped to V2 to let applications presuppose the extensions to the last release. (2.1)
- it was possible to get a drag message (DMT_UNKNOWN) if a drag was interrupted using the right mouse button. (2.1)

gtdrag 2.2 (11.11.96)

- if no DragGadget was defined, this could make problems. (2.2)
- fixed possible problems with the use of Wait() in applications. (2.2)
- the GTDA_RenderHook got one pixel too much in width and height. (2.2)

gtdrag 2.7 (15.12.96)

- the drag objects are now rendered via BitMaps, they are no BOBs any longer to reduce flickering on gfx-cards. (2.3)
 - include the E includes/modules made by Daniel Rost. (2.3)
 - fixed small bugs in the render-routine. (2.3)
 - a little more highlighting is done. (2.4)
 - the render-routines were a bit optimised and changed for use with CyberGraphX. (2.5)
 - the message handling is completely changed, now it uses fake events to let gadtools stop processing messages while an object is dragged. (2.6)
 - small optimisations. (2.6)
 - enhanced highlighting and listview-control. If you move an entry in a listview, you may get another dm_TargetEntry than in previous releases. (2.6)
 - added scrolling capabilities to listview-drags. (2.6)
 - some minor bug fixes. (2.7)
-

gtdrag 2.10 (27.6.97)

- a bug in the render-routine could cause a strange listview entry to appear when running under CyberGraphX with huge call-backs. (2.8)
- if the first IDCMP_MOUSEMOVE during a drag did not come from the source gadget, strange effects may happen. (2.8)
- no more "ghost" drags will occur when you release the mouse button while scrolling in a listview. (2.9)
- fixed a bug which could appear if the drag doesn't start over the gadget itself. (2.10)

gtdrag 3.1 (8.6.99)

- include a set of rendering callback-hooks. (3.1)
- add the GTD_RemoveGadgets() function which removes all the gadgets of a specific window. (3.1)
- implemented GTDA_ObjectFunc. (3.1)
- if a LISTVIEW_KIND didn't provide a render hook, the width of the ClipBlit() was one pixel too wide [reported by Guido Mersmann]. (3.1)
- slight API changes. (3.1)
- the TreeView's knob coordinates could be wrong in conjunction with listviews with GTLV_ShowSelected. (3.1)
- implemented GTDA_AcceptFunc. (3.1)
- if you opened a tree container with open sub-directories the view-list order was not correct. (3.1)
- GTD_SetAttrs() works now correctly (flags could not be unset). (3.1)
- implemented GTDA_TreeView & GTDA_DropOverItems. (3.1)
- GTDA_Width & GTDA_Height can now be used for all gadget types. (3.1)
- assembler includes added. (3.1)
- implemented custom gadget support. (3.1)
- add a IFF stream hook. (3.1)
- add GTDA_SourceEntry, GTDA_Images now works. (3.1)

gtdrag 3.2 (9.6.99)

- add GTDA_InternalOnly for gadgets. (3.2)
 - if GTDA_TreeView is set, GTDA_Type will be set to ODT_TREENODE, if previously unset. (3.2)
 - unfortunately, ToggleTree() did nothing. (3.2)
-

- the application of a custom gadget is now recognized if its window or another gadget in this window is registered. (3.2)
- the TNF_STATIC flag of a TreeNode is now supported. (3.2)
- documentation enhanced. (3.2)
- GTDA_AcceptTypes replaces GTDA_AcceptMask; for your convenience, this tag and GTDA_Mask (= GTDA_InternalType) will stay. (3.2)
- unfortunately, GadTools copies all incoming messages - a GTD_ReplyIMsg() is therefore an obligate call. This caused a strange bug where Mungwall detects a mis-aligned FreeMem(). This is now fixed. (3.2)
- the object acceptance cache was not cleared after a drag. (3.2)
- the GTDA_DropOverItems flag could cause highlighting problems. (3.2)
- flag
 GTDA_DropBetweenItems
 added
 (suggestion made by Guido Mersmann). (3.2)

gtdrag 3.3 (30.6.99)

- the gadget's flag GFLG_DISABLED is now supported. (3.2)
- search for the registered gadget on a IDCMP_GADGETDOWN message slightly changed. (3.2)
- some gadgets (like the GadTools listviews) don't set the GFLG_DISABLED flag but GT_GetGadgetAttrs() works for GA_Disabled. (3.2)
- the currently selected item is updated to show the old item in a listview which supports this. (3.3)
- GTDA_ObjectFunc may now prevent an object from being dragged if it sets od_Object to NULL. (3.3)
- add IEQUALIFIER_DRAGKEY (the alternate keys) to start a drag immediately when the mouse begins to move. (3.3)
- some assemblers seem to have problems with the gtdrag.i file (thanks to Guido Mersmann). (3.3)
- the GTDA_AcceptFunc was not called when source and target gadget were the same and no custom-gadget. (3.3)

gtdrag 3.4 (6.7.99)

- custom gadgets which are not BOOPSI gadgets don't like DoMethod; I thought it could handle both - but it is very clear that it can't do this [reported by Stephan Rupprecht]. (3.4)

gtdrag 3.5 (25.8.99)

- Thanks to the invocation, support, and demand by Stephan Rupprecht, gtdrag finally supports CyberGraphX/Picasso96 - this should result in a major speed improvement and correct rendering of the objects on true color screens.

1.45 gtdrag - Known Bugs

Unfortunately, there are bugs left:

- the functionality of programs using v2 and older versions is broken in v3 - gtdrag simply do nothing in this case. I had no time to implement the completely new library behaviour in a more moderate way. Since I personally know only one person who use this library I can live with it.
- gadgets with the GFLG_RELBOTTOM & GFLG_RELRIGHT set are not yet supported. This may change in future releases.

1.46 gtdrag - To do list

There are a few things on the "to do"-list:

- Drag&Drop between applications on different screens
- support for gadgets with GFLG_RELBOTTOM or GFLG_RELRIGHT set

That's not all, but I obviously forgot the rest.
